THE REGULATION OF ROAMING SERVICES: ITS IMPACTS ON EUROPE

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Why may the European case be of any interest to us?

2007	27 June	 Regulation (EC) No 717/2007 on Roaming
2008	23 September	 Initiation of the legislative review: Proposal of Amendment by the European Commission, Impact Assessment
20102	24 March	 First Reading Agreement between the Council and the Parliament
	June 12	 Adoption by the Council
	July 1	 New measures enter into force

- Regulation in force since the summer of 2007
- Analysis of the impact of this regulation in the context of its review

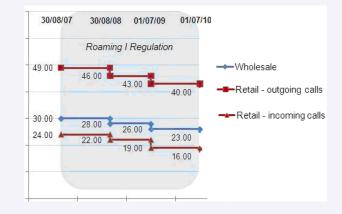


Impact of the Regulation in Force: Content of the Regulation (1)

Community-wide voice communication services

- Maximum wholesale charges
- Maximum retail charges: Eurotariff
 Voice calls made and received
- Transparency Measures
 - Information by SMS when entering another Member State
 - Information when subscriptions are taken out
 - A free-of-charge telephone number for users

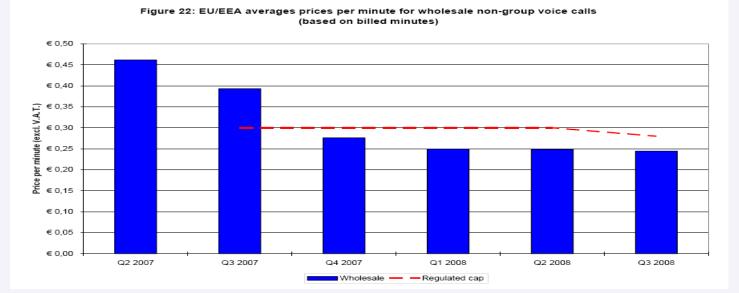




Impact of the Regulation in Force: Wholesale voice service (2)

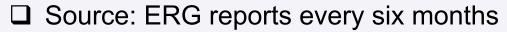
□ Source: ERG reports every six months

- □ Wholesale voice services:
 - Declining prices
 - Signs of competition (deemed insufficient by the EC)
 - No evidence of benefits at the retail level



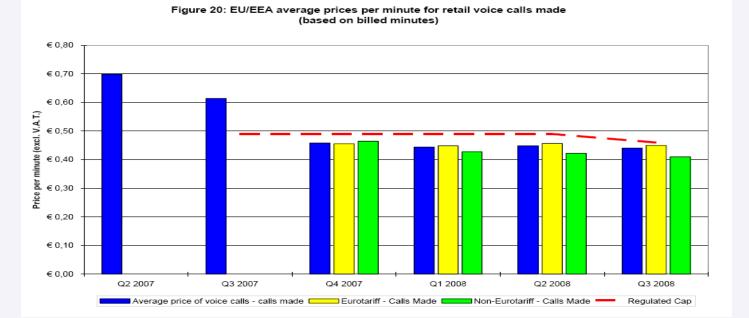
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Impact of the Regulation in Force: Retail voice service (3)



- □ Retail voice services:
 - Prices close to price caps
 - Competition problems still unresolved

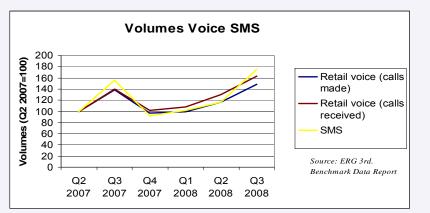
Risk of an indefinite regulation



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Impact of the Regulation in Force (4)

- □ Elasticity of the demand:
 - Equal behavior toward voice roaming calls with declining price caps and toward non-regulated SMS services at stable rates
 - Available data (for ex. ERG data) suggest a very low demand elasticity



The impact on providers' revenues has been greater than the one expected by the EC

- □ "Waterbed" effects?
- □ Has the people's well-being improved?



Impact of the Regulation in Force (5)

Objective	Has it been attained?
Avoid excessive charges	Declining charges but what is meant by excessive
Contribution to the development of internal markets	🥐 charges?
Consumer protection	Positive assessment: Transparency measures
Incentive to competition	No
Incentives to innovation	No
Alternatives for consumers	No



Review of the Regulation

Subject-Matter		Proposal					
Voice	Prices	Glide-paths to reduce wholesale and retail caps (1/7/2010 - 1/7/2012).					
	Billing	Billing wholesale and retail charges per second.					
		Exception: initial billing period not exceeding 30 seconds for both levels .					
	Transparency	Existing provisions for voice services are kept unchanged.					
SMS	Prices		Tarifas minoristas	Tarifas mayoristas			
			SMS enviado	Tarifa media máxima			
		1.7.2009	11 cents.€	4 cents. €			
Transparency Voice measures are also applied to SMS services.							
Data	Prices						
				náxima mayorista			
		1.7.2009		(MByte ≣/MByte			
		1.7.2011		/ MByte			
	Transparency	 Providers will provide its clients with data service pricing information each time they enter a Member State other than their own or the first time the data service is used by them in another Member State. Cut-off Limits. By default, set at: 50€/ month (VAT excluded). 					
Review		30 June 2010 and 2011: Review of the functioning of the Regulation for its extension, amendment or termination					
Expiration date of the Regulation		30 June 2012					



The search for Alternatives (1)

□ Rationale for the Commission's proposal:

- Impact Assessment
- Conclusions not shared by the Europe Economics Report, commissioned by the European Parliament
- □ Next Review of the Regulation subject to strict limits:
 - "Regulation (EC) nº 717/2007 (...) imposed, on an exceptional and temporary basis, limits on the charges ..." (Amendment of Regulation, whereas 1)
 - "(...) a *price regulation in the long run would be negative* for that market [the mobile market]" (as reported by the ITRE representative at the European Parliament)
 - Obligation to analyze in detail important market-related aspects (art.11.1, whereas 40a-40c):
 - Assess roaming in the context of mobile services
 - Analyze the availability of alternatives to roaming
 - The Commission's assumptions (i.e. elasticity of the demand)



The search for Alternatives (2)

- □ The next review requires studying alternatives to the current price regulation, p. ej.:
 - Withdrawal of ex-ante regulation and enforcement of competition laws
 - Application of the general regulatory framework (market analysis by national regulatory authorities)
- □ A very active role of the CMT in this issue:
 - A particularly active participation of the ERG Work Group —an initiative to include alternative regulations in the work plan
 - Internal Work Group and Multidisciplinary Group of CMT on *roaming*



Conclusion

Any regulatory solution should:

Be based on a detailed <u>analysis</u> of roaming services and use available data

Pursue a long term objective to solve potential roaming competition problems

Prevent distortions on competition

Avoid price regulation and, in particular, cost-oriented approaches

- → Guarantee <u>consumers</u> that they will benefit from this regulation
- Not automatically transfer solutions to different (legal, economic or social) environments, but identify the specific problems of each case.



THANK YOU

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